exclusive applications expressly conditioned upon final action on the applications, and then either conduct a random section process (in specified services under this rules part), designate all of the mutually exclusive applications for a formal evidentiary hearing or (whenever so requested) follow the comparative evaluation procedures of §21.35, as appropriate, if it appears:

- (1) That some or all of the applications were not filed in good faith, but were filed for the purpose of delaying or hindering the grant of another application:
- (2) That the public interest requires the prompt establishment of radio service in a particular community or area:
- (3) That a delay in making a grant to any applicant until after the conclusion of a hearing or a random selection proceeding on all applications might jeopardize the rights of the United States under the provision of an international agreement to the use of the frequency in question; or
- (4) That a grant of one application would be in the public interest in that it appears from an examination of the remaining applications that they cannot be granted because they are in violation of provisions of the Communications Act, other statutes, or of the provisions of this chapter.
- (h) Reconsideration or review of any final action taken by the Commission will be in accordance with subpart A of part 1 of this chapter.

 $[44\ FR\ 60534,\ Oct.\ 19,\ 1979,\ as\ amended\ at\ 50\ FR\ 5993,\ Feb.\ 13,\ 1985]$

§21.33 Grants by random selection.

- (a) If an application for an authorization for a Multichannel Multipoint Distribution Service (MMDS) station or for a Multipoint Distribution Service (MDS) H-channel station is mutually exclusive with another such application, and satisfies the requirements of §§ 21.31 and 21.914, the applicant may be included in the random selection process set forth in §§ 1.821, 1.822 and 1.824 of this chapter.
- (b) Renewal applications shall not be included in a random selection process.
- (c) If Multipoint Distribution Service applicants enter into settlements, the applicants in the settlement must be

represented by one application only and will not receive the cumulative number of chances in the random selection process that the individual applicants would have had if no settlement had been reached.

[58 FR 11798, Mar. 1, 1993, as amended at 61 FR 26674, May 28, 1996]

§21.34 [Reserved]

§21.35 Comparative evaluation of mutually exclusive applications.

- (a) In order to expedite action on mutually exclusive applications in services under this rules part where the competitive bidding process or random selection process do not apply, the applicants may request the Commission to consider their applications without a formal hearing in accordance with the summary procedure outlined in paragraph (b) in this section if:
- (1) The applications are entitled to comparative consideration pursuant to §21.31:
- (2) The applications have not been designated for formal evidentiary hearing; and
- (3) The Commission determines, initially or at any time during the procedure outlined in paragraph (b) of this section, that such procedure is appropriate, and that, from the information submitted and consideration of such other matters as may be officially noticed, there are no substantial and material questions of fact presented (other than those relating to the comparative merits of the applications) which would preclude a grant under paragraphs (a) and (b) of §21.32.
- (b) Provided that the conditions of paragraph (a) of this section are satisfied, applicants may request the Commission to act upon their mutually exclusive applications without a formal hearing pursuant to the summary procedure outlined below:
- (1) To initiate the procedure, each applicant will submit to the Commission a written statement containing:
- (i) A waiver of the applicant's right to a formal hearing;
- (ii) A request and agreement that, in order to avoid the delay and expense of a comparative formal hearing, the